INDEX NO. 154545/2021 RECEIVED NYSCEF: 05/10/2021

EXHIBIT 22

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

.....

File No. 2019-0002911

[X] This SUBPOENA/SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM TO PERSON UNDER FOREIGN SUBPOENA is being served by a private process server who must provide proof of service in accordance with Va. Code § 8.01-325.

TO the person authorized to serve this process: Upon execution, the return of this process shall be made to the Clerk of Court.

NAME: Anthony Romero Address: 8 Brindlerun Ct. East Hampton, NY 11937 [] PERSONAL SERVICE Tel. No.			
Being unable to make personal service, a copy was delivered in the following manner:			
 [] Delivered to family member (not temporary sojourner or guest) age 16 or older at usual place of abode of party named above after giving information of its purport. List name, age of recipient, and relation of recipient to party named above: 			
[] Posted on front door or such other door as appears to be the main entrance of usual place of abode, address listed above. (Other authorized recipient not found.)			
[] not found , Sheriff			
by by			

JOHN T. FREY, CLERK FAIRFAX COUNTY CIRCUIT COURT 4110 CHAIN BRIDGE ROAD FAIRFAX, VIRGINIA 22030

.....

SUBPOENA/SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM TO PERSON UNDER FOREIGN SUBPOENA

File No. 2019-0002911

Commonwealth of Virginia VA CODE §§ 8.01-412.8-8.01-412.15; Rule 4:9

FAIRFAX COUNTY		,	ircuit	Court
4110 Chain Bridge Road, 3rd Floor, Fa	irfax, VA 22030	<u> </u>	202	
	ADDRESS OF COURT	Re	-	$\underline{\circ}$
JOHN C. DEPP, II	v./In re: AMBER LAURA HEARD	P	co	57
	ED BY LAW TO SERVE THIS PROCESS:	227	Ň	
You are commanded to summon		×⊆m	2010	- ZO
	Anthony Romero	ACE	and the second s	E
	NAME	24	<u> </u>	
	8 Brindlerun Ct.	4	σı	
	STREET ADDRESS			
East Hampton	NY	1	1937	
CITY	STATE		ZIP	

TO THE PERSON SUMMONED: You are commanded to

- [] attend and give testimony at a deposition
- [X] produce the books, documents, records, electronically stored information, and tangible things designated and described below

See Exhibt A			
	nes Square, New York, NY 10 ATION	036 at	March 1, 2021 at 9:30 a.m.
	nd copying by the requesting ossession, custody or contra		ing in his or her behalf of the
[] permit inspection of the p	remises		
at the following location			
	LC	OCATION	
ON			
This subpoena is issued upon	the request of the party nar	ned below	
Plaintiff John C. Depp, II			
	NAME OF RI	EQUESTING PARTY	
c/o Benjamin G. Chew, Brown R	udnick LLP. 601 13th Street N	W. Suite 600	
		ET ADDRESS	
Washington	D.C.	20005	202-536-1785
СІТҮ	STATE	ZIP	TELEPHONE NUMBER

FORM CC-1439 (MASTER, PAGE ONE OF THREE) 07/09

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

File No. 2019-0002911

The requesting party has submitted to this Clerk's Office the foreign subpoena, copy attached, the terms of which are incorporated herein, and the written statement required by Virginia Code § 8.01-412.10.

The names, addresses and telephone numbers of all counsel of record in the proceeding to which the subpoena relates and of parties not represented by counsel are provided $[\]$ below $[\times]$ on attached list.

February 4th, 2021		JOHN T. FRE	r, CLERK
baje issued	by	Christine DEPUTY CLERK	. Dillon
Benjamin G. Chew		29113	VA
NAME OF ATTORNEY FOR REQUESTING PARTY		BAR NUMBER	LICENSING STATE
601 13th Street NW, Suite 600			
OFFICE ADDRESS		TELEPHONE NUMBER OF A	
Washington, D.C. 20005		202-536-1701	
OFFICE ADDRESS		FACSIMILE NUMBER OF AT	
NAME		BAR NUMBER	LICENSING STATE
STREET ADDRESS		TELEPHONE NUMBI	3R
STREET ADDRESS		FACSIMILE NUMB	ER
NAME		BAR NUMBER	LICENSING STATE
STREET ADDRESS		TELEPHONE NUMB	ER
STREET ADDRESS		FACSIMILE NUMBE	
NAME		BAR NUMBER	LICENSING STATE
STREET ADDRESS		TELEPHONE NUMB	ER
STREET ADDRESS		FACSIMILE NUMB	ĒR

RETURN OF SERVICE (see page three of this form)

A COPY TESTE: JOHN T. FREY, CLERK

BY: Christine M. O Deputy Clerk, elnion Date: Original retained in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Fairfax County, Virginia

FORM CC-1439 (MASTER, PAGE TWO OF THREE) 07/09

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

CL-2019-0002911

The names, addresses and telephone numbers of all counsel of record in the proceeding to which the subpoena relates and of parties not represented by counsel are:

Benjamin G. Chew (VSB No. 29113) Andrew C. Crawford (VSB No. 89093) BROWN RUDNICK LLP 601 Thirteenth Street, N.W., Suite 600 Washington, D.C. 20005 Telephone: (202) 536-1700 Facsimile: (202) 536-1701

Camille M. Vasquez (pro hac vice) BROWN RUDNICK LLP 2211 Michelson Drive Seventh Floor Irvine, CA 92612 Telephone: (949) 752-7100 Facsimile: (949) 252-1514

Counsel for Plaintiff John C. Depp, II

÷

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

CL-2019-0002911

I. Benjamin Rottenborn (VSB No. 84796) Joshua R. Treece (VSB No. 79149) WOODS ROGERS PLC 10 S. Jefferson Street, Suite 1400 P.O. Box 14125 Roanoke, VA 24011 Telephone: (540) 983-7540 brottenborn@woodsrogers.com itreece@woodsrogers.com

Elaine Charlson Bredehoft (VSB No. 23766) Carla D. Brown (VSB No. 44803) Adam S. Nadelhaft (VSB No. 91717) David E. Murphy (VSB No. 90938) Charlson Bredehoft Cohen & Brown, P.C. 11260 Roger Bacon Drive, Suite 201 Reston, VA 20190 Telephone: (703) 318-6800 Facsimile: (703) 318-6808 ebredehoft@cbcblaw.com cbrown@cbcblaw.com anadelhaft@cbcblaw.com

Counsel for Defendant Amber Laura Heard

EXHIBIT A

DEFINITIONS

1. "YOU" and/or "YOUR" shall mean and refer to Anthony Romero and his agents, employees, and/or any other PERSON acting on his behalf.

2. "ACLU" means the American Civil Liberties Union Foundation, and its agents, officers, directors, employees and/or any PERSON acting on its behalf, including but not limited to affiliated entities or state or local branches.

3. "COMMUNICATION" and/or "COMMUNICATIONS" shall mean and refer to any written and verbal exchanges between any person or persons or entities, including but not limited to verbal conversations, telephone calls, letters, e-mails, memoranda, reports, telegraphs, faxes, exhibits, drawings, text messages, and any other documents which confirm or relate to the written or verbal exchange, including applicable ELECTRONICALLY STORED INFORMATION.

4. "DIVORCE ACTION" shall mean and refer to the action entitled *In re the Marriage of Amber Laura Depp and John Christopher Depp II*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BD641052.

5. "DOCUMENT" and/or "DOCUMENTS" unless otherwise indicated, are used in their customarily broad sense and shall refer to and mean all writings and other tangible things of any nature whatsoever, and shall include, but not be limited to, all writings (or drafts thereof), medical records, drawings, graphs, charts, photographs, phone records, other data compilations or storage devices from which information can be obtained (even if such information must be translated into a reasonably usable form), magnetically recorded or stored information generated by a computer, contracts, agreements, communications, correspondence, telegrams, memoranda, records, reports, books, summaries or records of telephone conversations, summaries or records of personal conversations or interviews, diaries, forecasts, statistical statements, work papers, drafts, accounts, analytical records, minutes or records of meetings or conferences, records, reports or summaries of negotiations, brochures, pamphlets, circulars, calendars, notes, marginal notations, bills, invoices, checks, lists, journals, advertising, and all other written, printed, recorded or photographic matter or sound reproductions, or tangible representations of things, however produced or reproduced, including ELECTRONICALLY STORED INFORMATION and all nonidentical copies of the foregoing.

6. "ELECTRONICALLY STORED INFORMATION" means data that is stored in an electronic medium and shall include, by way of example only, computer programs, electronic mail (including message contents, header information and logs of electronic mail usage), output resulting from the use of any software program, including electronic, digital, or any other recorded material whatsoever, including but not limited to, any notes, memoranda, videotapes, affidavits, statements, papers, files, forms, data, tapes, printouts, letters, reports, communications, contracts, agreements, telegrams, records, financial records, applications, correspondence, diaries, calendars, recordings and transcriptions of recordings, voice mail messages recorded electronically and in writing, email messages and printouts, photographs, diagrams, or any other writings, however produced or reproduced, word processing documents, spreadsheets, databases, telephone logs, contact manager information, Internet usage files, PDF files, .JPG files, .TIF files, .TXT files, batch files, ASCII files, and any and all miscellaneous files and data and shall include all active data, deleted data, file fragments, metadata, native file formats and forensic images thereof.

7. "MR. DEPP" means and refers to Plaintiff John C. Depp, II.

8. "MS. HEARD" means and refers to Defendant Amber Laura Heard.

9. "OP-ED" means and refers to the op-ed MS. HEARD published in the *Washington Post* on December 18, 2018 with the title "Amber Heard: I spoke up against sexual violence – and faced our culture's wrath. This has to change."

10. The term "PERSON" and/or "PERSONS" shall be broadly construed to include all natural and artificial persons.

11. "VIRGINIA ACTION" means and refers to the action entitled *John C. Depp, II v. Amber Laura Heard*, Circuit Court of Fairfax County, Virginia, CL-2019-02911.

INSTRUCTIONS

۱

1. When necessary, the singular form of a word shall be interpreted as plural, and the masculine gender shall be deemed to include the feminine, in order to bring within the scope any DOCUMENTS which might otherwise be construed to be outside the scope of these Requests. The terms, "and" and "or," have both conjunctive and disjunctive meanings, and "each," "any," and "all" mean "each and every."

2. All undefined terms shall be interpreted according to their plain and commonsense meaning.

3. DOCUMENTS should be produced as single page .tiff format files imaged at 300 dpi, with the exception of stand-alone Databases (e.g., Access), spreadsheets (e.g., Excel), slide presentations (e.g., PowerPoint), video files, and audio files, which should be produced in native format. Each .tiff file should have a unique name matching the Bates number labeled on the corresponding page. Color DOCUMENTS should be produced in color.

4. DOCUMENTS should be produced with (a) a delimited data file (.dat), and (b) an image load file (.opt and/or .lfp). Each .tiff in a production must be referenced in the corresponding image load file. The total number of documents referenced in a production's data load file should match the total number of designated document breaks in the image load file for the production.

5. DOCUMENTS should be produced with extracted metadata for each DOCUMENT in the form of a .dat file. The metadata should include the following fields, to the extent such fields are available in the original DOCUMENT as it originally existed in its native format:

Field	Description were and a second second
Bates_Begin	The bates label of the first page of the document
Bates_End	The bates label of the last page of the document
Attach_Begin	The bates label of the first page of a family of documents
	(e.g., email and attachment)

Attach_End	The bates label of the last page of a family of documents
Sent_Date	For email, the sent date of the message
Sent_Time	For email, the sent time of the message converted to GMT
Email_Author	The sender of an email message (email FROM)
Recipient	The recipients of an email message (email TO)
CC	The recipients of a copy of an email message (email CC)
BCC	The recipients of a blind copy of an email message (email BCC)
Custodian	The custodian in whose file the document was found, including all duplicate custodians
Datercvd	Date received
Datesent	Date sent
Subject	E-mail subject
Author	The person who created the document
Modifier	The person who last modified the document
Created	The creation date of the document
Last_Modified	The last modified date of the document
Title	The title of the document
File_Name	The name of the file
File_Extension	The file extension of the document
MD5Hash	The MD5 Hash Value of the document
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	

Message_ID	The Message ID of the email and/or attachment
Mailstore	The name of the Mailstore in which the email and/or attachment is contained
File_Size	The size of the file
File_Path	Original file path of the document as it existed in the normal course of business or the folder location if the document/email is contained in a Mailstore
Number_Pages	The number of pages in the document

6. All DOCUMENTS attached to and/or embedded in an e-mail and/or other DOCUMENT must be produced contemporaneously and sequentially after the parent e-mail/document.

7. In producing DOCUMENTS, you shall furnish all DOCUMENTS in your possession, custody, or control. Without limitation of the term "control," a DOCUMENT is deemed to be in your control if you have the right to secure the DOCUMENT or a copy thereof from another person or public or private entity having actual possession thereof, or if you have the practical ability to obtain the DOCUMENT from a third-party, irrespective of any legal entitlement to the DOCUMENT. If any original DOCUMENT requested is not in your possession, custody, or control, then you are required to produce the best available copy, and to state, to the best of your knowledge, the name and address of the person in possession and/or control of the original. The fact that a DOCUMENT is in possession of another person or entity does not relieve you of the obligation to produce your copy of the DOCUMENT, even if the two DOCUMENTS are identical. In addition, any copy of a DOCUMENT shall be produced if it differs in any respect from the original (e.g., by reason of handwritten notes or comments having been added to copy which do not appear on the original or otherwise).

8. If responsive DOCUMENTS no longer exist because they have been destroyed,

cannot be located, or are otherwise no longer in your possession or subject to your control, identify each DOCUMENT and describe the circumstances under which it was lost or destroyed.

9. All DOCUMENTS should be organized and labeled to correspond by number with the numbered categories set forth in these Requests. If a DOCUMENT is responsive to more than one Request, reference that DOCUMENT in your written response to each Request to which it is responsive or in a load file identifying the same.

10. A Request for a DOCUMENT shall be deemed to include a request for any and all file folders within which the DOCUMENT was contained, transmittal sheets, cover letters, exhibits, enclosures, or attachments to the DOCUMENT in addition to the DOCUMENT itself.

11. If you claim that any DOCUMENT is, in whole or in part, beyond the scope of permissible discovery (including but not limited to any claim of privilege or confidentiality), specify in detail each and every ground on which such claim rests and identify generally what the document is. If you assert any claim of privilege, then at the time of production you are to furnish a privilege log that specifically identifies each DOCUMENT (or portion) withheld by (a) date, (b) author, (c) recipient, (d) persons copied, (e) general description of the subject matter of the DOCUMENT, and (f) a statement of the specific privilege claimed and the basis upon which such privilege is claimed as to each separate DOCUMENT (or portion) withheld. The privilege log should contain enough specificity, but without disclosing privileged information, to allow Plaintiffs and the Court to adequately assess the privilege claimed.

12. To the extent you consider any portion of the following Requests to be objectionable, (a) identify the portion of the Request claimed to be objectionable, (b) state the nature and basis of the objection, and (c) produce DOCUMENTS responsive to any portion of such Request that is not claimed to be objectionable.

13. If you believe that any Request is unclear, unintelligible, or because of its wording otherwise prevents you from responding fully to that Request, identify the ambiguity or source of confusion and explain the definition and understanding that you relied upon in responding. It shall be insufficient to object to a particular Request on the grounds that it is vague, ambiguous, or

otherwise unclear, and withhold DOCUMENTS on that basis without seeking clarification.

DOCUMENT REQUESTS

REQUEST NO. 1:

All DOCUMENTS that refer, reflect, or relate to any donations made to the ACLU by MS. HEARD or any PERSON on MS. HEARD's behalf, from January 1, 2016 through and including the present.

REQUEST NO. 2:

All COMMUNICATIONS between YOU and MS. HEARD or any PERSON acting on MS. HEARD's behalf, regarding any donations made to the ACLU by MS. HEARD or any PERSON on MS. HEARD's behalf, from January 1, 2016 through and including the present.

REQUEST NO. 3:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS, that refer, reflect, or relate to any press releases, public statements, or other publicity related to any donations made by MS. HEARD or other PERSONS on MS. HEARD's behalf to the ACLU, from January 1, 2016 through and including the present.

REQUEST NO. 4:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS concerning MS. HEARD's role as an "ambassador" for the ACLU.

REQUEST NO. 5

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS exchanged between YOU and MS. HEARD or other PERSONS acting on her behalf concerning: (i) the DIVORCE ACTION; (ii) the relationship between MR. DEPP and MS. HEARD; (iii) the OP-ED; and/or (iii) the VIRGINIA ACTION.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK

John C. Depp, II,

Plaintiff,

v.

Amber Laura Heard,

Defendant.

ORIGINIATING STATE: THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

ORIGINATING COURT: CIRCUIT COURT OF FAIRFAX COUNTY

ORIGINATING CASE NUMBER: Case No. CL-2019-02911

SUBPOENA AD TESTIFICANDUM AND DUCES TECUM PURSUANT TO CPLR 3119

To: Anthony Romero, 8 Brindlerun Ct., East Hampton, NY 11937

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED, pursuant to Section 3119 of the New York Civil Practice Law and Rules ("CPLR"), all business and excuses being laid aside, to appear and attend, before a duly commissioned notary public of the State of New York, or some other person duly qualified under the laws of the State of New York to administer oaths, at the law offices of Brown Rudnick LLP, 7 Times Square, New York, New York 10036, on March 8, 2021, at 9:30 a.m. ET, and at recessed or adjourned date, to give testimony. This deposition will be recorded by stenographic means. Plaintiff reserves the right to record the testimony by audio or visual means.

YOU ARE FURTHER COMMANDED, pursuant to Section 3119 of the CPLR, all business and excused being laid aside, to produce, or make available for copying, on or before March 1, 2021, at the offices of Brown Rudnick LLP, 7 Times Square, New York, New York, 10036, or by e-mail to Jessica N. Meyers (jmeyers@brownrudnick.com), true and correct copies of all documents requested in **Exhibit A** hereto, that are in your possession, custody, or control, which documents are material and relevant to the resolution of the issues in the above-captioned

FILED: NEW YORK COUNTY CLERK 05/10/2021 03:53 PM NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

matter, which is now pending in the Circuit Court of the Commonwealth of Virginia, Fairfax County. If you wish to make your production in person, please call Jessica Meyers at (212) 209-4938 at least 72 hours in advance to make arrangements.

The discovery herein sought and required is in connection with the claims and defenses in the above-captioned action. A copy of the Complaint in this action is attached hereto as **Exhibit**

B.

FAILURE TO COMPLY with this **SUBPOENA** is punishable as a contempt of Court and shall make you liable to the person on whose behalf this subpoena was issued for a penalty not to exceed one hundred and fifty dollars and all damages sustained by reason of your failure to comply.

COUNSEL OF RECORD FOR ALL PARTIES

Benjamin G. Chew, Esq. (VSB 29113) Andrew Crawford (VSB No. 89093) BROWN RUDNICK LLP 601 Thirteenth Street, NW Washington, DC 20005 (202) 536-1700 bchew@brownrudnick.com acrawford@brownrudnick.com

Counsel for John C. Depp, II

Counsel for John C. Depp, II

Camille M. Vasquez BROWN RUDNICK LLP 2211 Michelson Drive Irvine, CA 92612 (949) 752-7100 cvasquez@brownrudnick.com

Elaine Charlson Bredehoft (VSB #23766) Carla D. Brown (VSB #44803) Adam S. Nadelhaft (VSB #91717) David E. Murphy (VSB #90938) CHARLSON BREDEHOFT COHEN & BROWN, P.C. Counsel for Amber Laura Heard

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

INDEX NO. 154545/2021 RECEIVED NYSCEF: 05/10/2021

11260 Roger Bacon Drive, Suite 201 Reston, VA 20190 (703) 318-6800 ebredehoft@cbcblaw.com cbrown@cbcblaw.com anadelhaft@cbcblaw.com dmurphy@cbcblaw.com

J. Benjamin Rottenborn (VBS #84796) Joshua R. Treece (VSB #79149) WOODS ROGERS PLC 10 S. Jefferson Street, Suite 1400 P.O. Box 14125 Roanoke, Virginia 24011 (540) 983-7540 brottenborn@woodsrogers.com jtreece@woodsrogers.com

Dated: February 1, 2021 New York, New York Counsel for Amber Laura Heard

BROWN RUDNICK LLP

By: <u>/s/ Jessica N. Meyers</u> Jessica N. Meyers 7 Times Square New York, New York 10036 (212) 209-4938 jmeyers@brownrudnick.com

Counsel for John C. Depp, II

EXHIBIT A

DEFINITIONS

1. "YOU" and/or "YOUR" shall mean and refer to Anthony Romero and his agents, employees, and/or any other PERSON acting on his behalf.

2. "ACLU" means the American Civil Liberties Union Foundation, and its agents, officers, directors, employees and/or any PERSON acting on its behalf, including but not limited to affiliated entities or state or local branches.

3. "COMMUNICATION" and/or "COMMUNICATIONS" shall mean and refer to any written and verbal exchanges between any person or persons or entities, including but not limited to verbal conversations, telephone calls, letters, e-mails, memoranda, reports, telegraphs, faxes, exhibits, drawings, text messages, and any other documents which confirm or relate to the written or verbal exchange, including applicable ELECTRONICALLY STORED INFORMATION.

4. "DIVORCE ACTION" shall mean and refer to the action entitled *In re the Marriage of Amber Laura Depp and John Christopher Depp II*, Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BD641052.

5. "DOCUMENT" and/or "DOCUMENTS" unless otherwise indicated, are used in their customarily broad sense and shall refer to and mean all writings and other tangible things of any nature whatsoever, and shall include, but not be limited to, all writings (or drafts thereof), medical records, drawings, graphs, charts, photographs, phone records, other data compilations or storage devices from which information can be obtained (even if such information must be translated into a reasonably usable form), magnetically recorded or stored information generated by a computer, contracts, agreements, communications, correspondence, telegrams, memoranda, records, reports, books, summaries or records of telephone conversations, summaries or records of personal conversations or interviews, diaries, forecasts, statistical statements, work papers, drafts, accounts, analytical records, minutes or records of meetings or conferences, records, reports or summaries of negotiations, brochures, pamphlets, circulars, calendars, notes, marginal notations, bills, invoices, checks, lists, journals, advertising, and all other written, printed, recorded or photographic matter or sound reproductions, or tangible representations of things, however produced or reproduced, including ELECTRONICALLY STORED INFORMATION and all nonidentical copies of the foregoing.

6. "ELECTRONICALLY STORED INFORMATION" means data that is stored in an electronic medium and shall include, by way of example only, computer programs, electronic mail (including message contents, header information and logs of electronic mail usage), output resulting from the use of any software program, including electronic, digital, or any other recorded material whatsoever, including but not limited to, any notes, memoranda, videotapes, affidavits, statements, papers, files, forms, data, tapes, printouts, letters, reports, communications, contracts, agreements, telegrams, records, financial records, applications, correspondence, diaries, calendars, recordings and transcriptions of recordings, voice mail messages recorded electronically and in writing, email messages and printouts, photographs, diagrams, or any other writings, however produced or reproduced, word processing documents, spreadsheets, databases, telephone logs, contact manager information, Internet usage files, PDF files, .JPG files, .TIF files, .TXT files, batch files, ASCII files, and any and all miscellaneous files and data and shall include all active data, deleted data, file fragments, metadata, native file formats and forensic images thereof.

7. "MR. DEPP" means and refers to Plaintiff John C. Depp, II.

8. "MS. HEARD" means and refers to Defendant Amber Laura Heard.

9. "OP-ED" means and refers to the op-ed MS. HEARD published in the *Washington Post* on December 18, 2018 with the title "Amber Heard: I spoke up against sexual violence – and faced our culture's wrath. This has to change."

10. The term "PERSON" and/or "PERSONS" shall be broadly construed to include all natural and artificial persons.

11. "VIRGINIA ACTION" means and refers to the action entitled *John C. Depp, II v. Amber Laura Heard*, Circuit Court of Fairfax County, Virginia, CL-2019-02911.

INSTRUCTIONS

1. When necessary, the singular form of a word shall be interpreted as plural, and the masculine gender shall be deemed to include the feminine, in order to bring within the scope any DOCUMENTS which might otherwise be construed to be outside the scope of these Requests. The terms, "and" and "or," have both conjunctive and disjunctive meanings, and "each," "any," and "all" mean "each and every."

2. All undefined terms shall be interpreted according to their plain and commonsense meaning.

3. DOCUMENTS should be produced as single page .tiff format files imaged at 300 dpi, with the exception of stand-alone Databases (e.g., Access), spreadsheets (e.g., Excel), slide presentations (e.g., PowerPoint), video files, and audio files, which should be produced in native format. Each .tiff file should have a unique name matching the Bates number labeled on the corresponding page. Color DOCUMENTS should be produced in color.

4. DOCUMENTS should be produced with (a) a delimited data file (.dat), and (b) an image load file (.opt and/or .lfp). Each .tiff in a production must be referenced in the corresponding image load file. The total number of documents referenced in a production's data load file should match the total number of designated document breaks in the image load file for the production.

5. DOCUMENTS should be produced with extracted metadata for each DOCUMENT in the form of a .dat file. The metadata should include the following fields, to the extent such fields are available in the original DOCUMENT as it originally existed in its native format:

Field	Description
Bates_Begin	The bates label of the first page of the document
Bates_End	The bates label of the last page of the document
Attach_Begin	The bates label of the first page of a family of documents
	(e.g., email and attachment)

Attach_End	The bates label of the last page of a family of documents
Sent_Date	For email, the sent date of the message
Sent_Time	For email, the sent time of the message converted to GMT
Email_Author	The sender of an email message (email FROM)
Recipient	The recipients of an email message (email TO)
СС	The recipients of a copy of an email message (email CC)
BCC	The recipients of a blind copy of an email message (email
	BCC)
Custodian	The custodian in whose file the document was found,
	including all duplicate custodians
Datercvd	Date received
Datesent	Date sent
Subject	E-mail subject
Author	The person who created the document
Modifier	The person who last modified the document
Created	The creation date of the document
Last_Modified	The last modified date of the document
Title	The title of the document
File_Name	The name of the file
File_Extension	The file extension of the document
MD5Hash	The MD5 Hash Value of the document

Message_ID	The Message ID of the email and/or attachment
Mailstore	The name of the Mailstore in which the email and/or attachment is contained
File_Size	The size of the file
File_Path	Original file path of the document as it existed in the normal course of business or the folder location if the document/email is contained in a Mailstore
Number_Pages	The number of pages in the document

6. All DOCUMENTS attached to and/or embedded in an e-mail and/or other DOCUMENT must be produced contemporaneously and sequentially after the parent e-mail/document.

7. In producing DOCUMENTS, you shall furnish all DOCUMENTS in your possession, custody, or control. Without limitation of the term "control," a DOCUMENT is deemed to be in your control if you have the right to secure the DOCUMENT or a copy thereof from another person or public or private entity having actual possession thereof, or if you have the practical ability to obtain the DOCUMENT from a third-party, irrespective of any legal entitlement to the DOCUMENT. If any original DOCUMENT requested is not in your possession, custody, or control, then you are required to produce the best available copy, and to state, to the best of your knowledge, the name and address of the person in possession and/or control of the original. The fact that a DOCUMENT is in possession of another person or entity does not relieve you of the obligation to produce your copy of the DOCUMENT, even if the two DOCUMENTS are identical. In addition, any copy of a DOCUMENT shall be produced if it differs in any respect from the original (e.g., by reason of handwritten notes or comments having been added to copy which do not appear on the original or otherwise).

8. If responsive DOCUMENTS no longer exist because they have been destroyed,

cannot be located, or are otherwise no longer in your possession or subject to your control, identify each DOCUMENT and describe the circumstances under which it was lost or destroyed.

9. All DOCUMENTS should be organized and labeled to correspond by number with the numbered categories set forth in these Requests. If a DOCUMENT is responsive to more than one Request, reference that DOCUMENT in your written response to each Request to which it is responsive or in a load file identifying the same.

10. A Request for a DOCUMENT shall be deemed to include a request for any and all file folders within which the DOCUMENT was contained, transmittal sheets, cover letters, exhibits, enclosures, or attachments to the DOCUMENT in addition to the DOCUMENT itself.

11. If you claim that any DOCUMENT is, in whole or in part, beyond the scope of permissible discovery (including but not limited to any claim of privilege or confidentiality), specify in detail each and every ground on which such claim rests and identify generally what the document is. If you assert any claim of privilege, then at the time of production you are to furnish a privilege log that specifically identifies each DOCUMENT (or portion) withheld by (a) date, (b) author, (c) recipient, (d) persons copied, (e) general description of the subject matter of the DOCUMENT, and (f) a statement of the specific privilege claimed and the basis upon which such privilege is claimed as to each separate DOCUMENT (or portion) withheld. The privilege log should contain enough specificity, but without disclosing privileged information, to allow Plaintiffs and the Court to adequately assess the privilege claimed.

12. To the extent you consider any portion of the following Requests to be objectionable, (a) identify the portion of the Request claimed to be objectionable, (b) state the nature and basis of the objection, and (c) produce DOCUMENTS responsive to any portion of such Request that is not claimed to be objectionable.

13. If you believe that any Request is unclear, unintelligible, or because of its wording otherwise prevents you from responding fully to that Request, identify the ambiguity or source of confusion and explain the definition and understanding that you relied upon in responding. It shall be insufficient to object to a particular Request on the grounds that it is vague, ambiguous, or

otherwise unclear, and withhold DOCUMENTS on that basis without seeking clarification.

DOCUMENT REQUESTS

REQUEST NO. 1:

All DOCUMENTS that refer, reflect, or relate to any donations made to the ACLU by MS. HEARD or any PERSON on MS. HEARD's behalf, from January 1, 2016 through and including the present.

REQUEST NO. 2:

All COMMUNICATIONS between YOU and MS. HEARD or any PERSON acting on MS. HEARD's behalf, regarding any donations made to the ACLU by MS. HEARD or any PERSON on MS. HEARD's behalf, from January 1, 2016 through and including the present.

REQUEST NO. 3:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS, that refer, reflect, or relate to any press releases, public statements, or other publicity related to any donations made by MS. HEARD or other PERSONS on MS. HEARD's behalf to the ACLU, from January 1, 2016 through and including the present.

REQUEST NO. 4:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS concerning MS. HEARD's role as an "ambassador" for the ACLU.

REQUEST NO. 5

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS exchanged between YOU and MS. HEARD or other PERSONS acting on her behalf concerning: (i) the DIVORCE ACTION; (ii) the relationship between MR. DEPP and MS. HEARD; (iii) the OP-ED; and/or (iii) the VIRGINIA ACTION.

; ;

> n N

INDEX NO. 154545/2021 RECEIVED NYSCEF: 05/10/2021

EXHIBIT B

• :

NYSCEF DOC.'NO. 25

VIRGINIA:	FILED CIVIL INTAKE
	COURT OF FAIRFAX COUNTEN MAR - PH 12: 48
John C. Depp, II,) JOHN T. FREY CLERX. CIRCUIT COURT FAIRFAX. VA
Plaintiff, v.	Civil Action No. 2019 02911
Amber Laura Heard,	
Defendant.	
	and a second

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff John C. Depp, II, a/k/a Johnny Depp, in support of his Complaint against Defendant Amber Laura Heard hereby states the following:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This defamation action arises from an op-ed published in the *Washington Post* by actress Amber Heard ("Ms. Heard"). In the op-ed, Ms. Heard purported to write from the perspective of "a public figure representing domestic abuse" and claimed that she "felt the full force of our culture's wrath for women who speak out" when she "spoke up against sexual violence."

2. Although she never identified him by name, the op-ed plainly was about (and other media consistently characterized it as being about) Ms. Heard's purported victimization after she publicly accused her former husband, Johnny Depp ("Mr. Depp"), of domestic abuse in 2016, when she appeared in court with an apparently battered face and obtained a temporary restraining order against Mr. Depp on May 27, 2016. The op-ed depended on the central premise that Ms. Heard was a domestic abuse victim and that Mr. Depp perpetrated domestic violence against her.

3. The op-ed's clear implication that Mr. Depp is a domestic abuser is categorically and demonstrably false. Mr. Depp never abused Ms. Heard. Her allegations against him were false when they were made in 2016. They were part of an elaborate hoax to generate positive publicity for Ms. Heard and advance her career. Ms. Heard's false allegations against Mr. Depp have been conclusively refuted by two separate responding police officers, a litany of neutral third-party witnesses, and 87 newly obtained surveillance camera videos. With a prior arrest for violent domestic abuse and having confessed under oath to a series of violent attacks on Mr. Depp, Ms. Heard is not a victim of domestic abuse; she is a perpetrator. Ms. Heard violently abused Mr. Depp, just as she was caught and arrested for violently abusing her former domestic partner.

4. Ms. Heard's implication in her op-ed that Mr. Depp is a domestic abuser is not only demonstrably false, it is defamatory *per se*. Ms. Heard falsely implied that Mr. Depp was guilty of domestic violence, which is a crime involving moral turpitude. Moreover, Ms. Heard's false implication prejudiced Mr. Depp in his career as a film actor and incalculably (and immediately) damaged his reputation as a public figure.

5. Unsurprisingly, Mr. Depp's reputation and career were devastated when Ms. Heard first accused him of domestic violence on May 27, 2016. Ms. Heard's hoax allegations were timed to coincide with the day that Mr. Depp's film, *Alice Through the Looking Glass*, was released in theatres. Her op-ed, with its false implication that she was a victim of domestic violence at the hands of Mr. Depp, brought new damage to Mr. Depp's reputation and career. Mr. Depp lost movie roles and faced public scorn. Ms. Heard, an actress herself, knew precisely the effect that her op-ed would have on Mr. Depp. And indeed, just four days after Ms. Heard's op-ed was first published on December 18, 2018, Disney announced on December 22, 2018 that

it was dropping Mr. Depp from his leading role as Captain Jack Sparrow—a role that he created—in the multi-billion-dollar-earning *Pirates of the Caribbean* franchise.

6. Ms. Heard published her op-ed with actual malice. She knew that Mr. Depp did not abuse her and that the domestic abuse allegations that she made against him in 2016 were false. She knew that the testimony and photographic "evidence" that she presented to the court and the supporting sworn testimony provided by her two friends were false and perjurious. Ms. Heard knew that the truth was that she violently abused Mr. Depp—just as she violently abused her prior domestic partner, which led to her arrest and booking for domestic violence, as well as a night in jail and a mug shot. Ms. Heard revived her false allegations against Mr. Depp in the op-ed to generate positive publicity for herself and to promote her new movie *Aquaman*, which premiered across the United States and in Virginia only three days after the op-ed was first published.

7. Mr. Depp brings this defamation action to clear his name. By this civil lawsuit, Mr. Depp seeks to restore his reputation and establish Ms. Heard's legal liability for continuing her campaign to push a false narrative that he committed domestic violence against her. Mr. Depp seeks an award of compensatory damages for the reputational harm that he suffered as a result of Ms. Heard's op-ed, with its false and defamatory implication that Mr. Depp was a domestic abuser. Further, given the willfulness and maliciousness that Ms. Heard demonstrated when she knowingly published the op-ed with the false implication that Mr. Depp violently abused her, Mr. Depp also seeks an award of punitive damages.

PARTIES

8. Plaintiff John C. Depp is an individual and a resident of the State of California. For decades, he has been one of the most prominent actors in Hollywood. Mr. Depp was married

to Ms. Heard for approximately 15 months between February 1, 2015 and May 23, 2016. They had no children together. Mr. Depp was the target of Ms. Heard's false and defamatory op-ed in the *Washington Post*.

9. Defendant Amber Laura Heard is an individual and a resident of the State of California. Ms. Heard is an actress and Mr. Depp's former wife. Ms. Heard authored and published the defamatory op-ed in the *Washington Post* that falsely implied that Mr. Depp abused her during their marriage.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

10. This Court has specific personal jurisdiction over Defendant under Virginia's long-arm statute, Va. Code § 8.01-328.1, as well as under the Due Process Clause of the U.S. Constitution, because, among other things, the causes of action in this Complaint arise from Defendant transacting business in this Commonwealth and causing tortious injury by an act or omission in this Commonwealth. Moreover, exercising jurisdiction would not offend traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice because Defendant could have — indeed should have — reasonably foreseen being haled into a Virginia court to account for her false and defamatory op-ed which was published: in a newspaper that is printed in Springfield, Virginia; in an online edition of the newspaper that is created on a digital platform in Virginia and routed through servers in Virginia; in a newspaper that has wide circulation in Virginia and even publishes a Virginia local edition in which the false and defamatory op-ed appeared; and in a newspaper that maintains two physical offices in Virginia. Further, Defendant published the false and defamatory op-ed to promote her new movie which was in Virginia theatres for viewing by Virginia audiences.

11. Venue is proper in this circuit under Va. Code § 8.01-262 because the causes of action asserted herein arose in this Circuit.

FACTS

Ms. Heard Wrote An Op-Ed In The Washington Post That Implies That She Was A Victim Of Domestic Abuse At The Hands Of Mr. Depp

12. Mr. Depp has appeared in more than 50 films over the last three decades. He has worldwide name recognition and has played a diverse array of iconic roles, including Edward Scissorhands, Willy Wonka, Captain Jack Sparrow, The Mad Hatter, Grindelwald, John Dellinger, and Whitey Bulger. His movies have grossed over \$10 billion dollars in the United States and around the world. He has won the People's Choice Award 14 times.

13. Mr. Depp married Ms. Heard on February 1, 2015. The two met when Ms. Heard was cast in Mr. Depp's film *The Rum Diary*.

14. The marriage lasted only 15 months.

15. Unbeknownst to Mr. Depp, no later than one month after his marriage to Ms. Heard, she was spending time in a new relationship with Tesla and Space-X founder, Elon Musk. Only one calendar month after Mr. Depp and Ms. Heard were married—while Mr. Depp was out of the country filming in March 2015—Eastern Columbia Building personnel testified that Ms. Heard received Musk "late at night" at Mr. Depp's penthouse. Specifically, Ms. Heard asked staff at the Eastern Columbia Building to give her "friend Elon" access to the building's parking garage and the penthouse elevator "late at night," and they testified that they did so. Building staff would then see Ms. Heard's "friend Elon" leaving the building the next morning. Musk's first appearance in Mr. Depp's penthouse occurred shortly after Ms. Heard threw a vodka bottle at Mr. Depp in Australia, when she learned that Mr. Depp wanted the couple to enter into a post-

nuptial agreement concerning assets in their marriage. Ms. Heard's violently aimed projectile virtually severed Mr. Depp's middle finger on his right hand and shattered the bones.

16. Mr. Depp's marriage to Ms. Heard came to an end in May 2016. After Mr. Depp indicated to Ms. Heard that he wanted to leave the marriage, Ms. IIcard lured Mr. Depp to his penthouse to pick up his personal items. Unaware that members of Mr. Depp's security team (including an 18-year veteran of the Los Angeles County Sherriff's Department) were mere feet away, Ms. Heard falsely began yelling "stop hitting me Johnny." The interaction culminated with Ms. Heard making false allegations that Mr. Depp struck her with a cell phone, hit her, and destroyed the penthouse. There were multiple eyewitnesses to this hoax. Ms. Heard's friend then called the police, who arrived promptly. Upon their arrival, Ms. Heard refused to cooperate with police or make any claims that she had been injured or assaulted, and two domestic abuse trained police officers testified that after close inspection of Ms. Heard and the penthouses, they observed no injury to Ms. Heard or damage to the penthouses. But then, six days later, Ms. Heard presented herself to the world with a battered face as she publicly and falsely accused Mr. Depp of domestic violence and obtained a restraining order against him, based on false testimony that she and her friends provided.

17. Now there are newly obtained surveillance camera videos, depositions, and other evidence that conclusively disprove Ms. Heard's false allegations. Although much of this exculpatory evidence was collected by certain members Mr. Depp's then-legal team in 2016, it only recently came into Mr. Depp's possession, as it had been hidden from him for a period of years.

18. Ms. Heard later withdrew her false domestic violence allegations and dismissed the restraining order. She and Mr. Depp finalized their divorce in January 2017.

and and

19. Despite dismissing the restraining order and withdrawing the domestic abuse allegations, Ms. Heard (and her surrogates) have continuously and repeatedly referred to her in publications, public service announcements, social media postings, speeches, and interviews as a victim of domestic violence, and a "survivor," always with the clear implication that Mr. Depp was her supposed abuser.

20. Most recently, in December 2018, Ms. Heard published an op-ed in the *Washington Post* that falsely implied that Ms. Heard was a victim of domestic violence at the hands of Mr. Depp. The op-ed was first published on the *Washington Post's* website on December 18, 2018 with the title, "Amber Heard: I spoke up against sexual violence — and faced our culture's wrath. This has to change." The op-ed appeared again on December 19, 2018 in the *Washington Post's* hardcopy edition under the title, "A Transformative Moment For Women." Except for their titles, the online and hard copy versions of the op-ed were substantively identical and are referred to collectively herein as the "Sexual Violence" op-ed.

21. The "Sexual Violence" op-ed's central thesis was that Ms. Heard was a victim of domestic violence and faced personal and professional repercussions because she "spoke up" against "sexual violence" by "a powerful man."

22. Although Mr. Depp was never identified by name in the "Sexual Violence" op-ed, Ms. Heard makes clear, based on the foundations of the false accusations that she made against Mr. Depp in court filings and subsequently reiterated in the press for years, that she was talking about Mr. Depp and the domestic abuse allegations that she made against him in May 2016. Ms. Heard wrote:

* "Amber Heard: I spoke up against sexual violence — and faced our culture's wrath. That has to change."

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

- "Then two years ago [the precise time frame of her allegations against and divorce from Mr. Depp], I became a public figure representing domestic abuse, and I felt the full force of our culture's wrath for women who speak out."
- "I had the rare vantage point of seeing, in real time, how institutions protect men accused of abuse."
- "I write this as a woman who had to change my phone number weekly because I was
 getting death threats. For months, I rarely left my apartment, and when I did, I was
 pursued by camera drones and photographers on foot, on motorcycles and in cars.
 Tabloid outlets that posted pictures of me spun them in a negative light. I felt as
 though I was on trial in the court of public opinion and my life and livelihood
 depended on myriad judgments far beyond my control."

23. As these statements reflect, the whole op-ed proceeds from the notion—presented as an unassailable truth—that Ms. Heard was the victim of domestic violence at the hands of Mr. Depp. She was not. Ms. Heard is not a victim of domestic violence, and Mr. Depp is not a perpetrator of domestic violence. And the centerpiece of Ms. Heard's attention-seeking hoax—her claim that Mr. Depp savagely injured her face by throwing her own iPhone at her from point blank range as hard as he could and then continued to beat her face with other "appendages of his body" on the evening of May 21, 2016, which caused her to have the battered face that she first presented to the court and the world on May 27, 2016—was a poorly executed lie that nevertheless has endured for nearly three years. The statements in her "Sexual Violence" op-ed that imply otherwise are false and defamatory.

Ms. Heard Was Not A Victim Of Domestic Violence: She Was A Perpetrator

24. Long before Ms. Heard became a self-described "public figure representing domestic abuse" based on her false domestic violence allegations against Mr. Depp, Ms. Heard was in an abusive relationship. But Ms. Heard was not the victim in that relationship. She was the abuser.

25. On September 14, 2009, police officers at the Seattle-Tacoma International Airport witnessed Ms. Heard physically assault her then-domestic partner, Tasya van Ree. Ms. Heard grabbed Ms. van Ree by the arm, hit Ms. van Ree in the arm, and yanked Ms. van Ree's necklace off her neck. Ms. Heard was arrested. She was booked for misdemeanor domestic violence, a mug shot was taken of her, and she spent the night in jail. The following day, the Seattle-based prosecutor declined to press charges against Ms. Heard, but only because both she and her domestic abuse victim were California residents who were merely passing through Washington state.

26. Since casting herself as a domestic abuse victim, Ms. Heard has attempted to blame misogyny and homophobia for her domestic violence arrest—claiming that she was arrested "on a trumped up charge" because she was in a same-sex relationship. In truth, the police officer who arrested Ms. Heard for domestic violence was both a woman and a lesbian activist, who publicly said so after she was publicly disparaged by Ms. Heard.

27. Ms. Heard's violent domestic abuse did not end when her relationship with Ms. van Ree ended. Ms. Heard committed multiple acts of domestic violence against Mr. Depp during their marriage. Ms. Heard's physical abuse of Mr. Depp is documented by eyewitness accounts, photographs, and even Ms. Heard's own admissions under oath.

28. In one particularly gruesome episode that occurred only one month into their marriage, Ms. Heard shattered the bones in the tip of Mr. Depp's right middle finger, almost completely cutting it off. Ms. Heard threw a glass vodka bottle at Mr. Depp—one of many projectiles that she launched at him in this and other instances. The bottle shattered as it came into contact with Mr. Depp's hand, and the broken glass and impact severed and shattered Mr.

.....

Depp's finger. Mr. Depp's finger had to be surgically reattached. Ms. Heard then disseminated false accounts of this incident, casting Mr. Depp as the perpetrator of his own injury.

29. Ms. Heard's domestic abuse of Mr. Depp continued unabated throughout their 15month marriage. Ms. Heard threw dangerous objects at Mr. Depp, and also kicked and punched him with regularity.

30. Shockingly, Ms. Heard even has used one of her attacks on Mr. Depp to push her false narrative that she is a domestic abuse victim. In her false affidavit to obtain a restraining order against Mr. Depp, Ms. Heard recounted a domestic violence incident that occurred between her and Mr. Depp on April 21, 2016 and reversed the roles, claiming that she was the victim when in truth she was the perpetrator. Ms. Heard falsely claimed that Mr. Depp physically attacked her, threw glasses at her, and broke a champagne bottle in their penthouse after her thirtieth birthday celebration on April 21, 2016. In truth, Ms. Heard-angry with Mr. Depp because he was late to her birthday celebration due to a business meeting --- punched Mr. Depp twice in the face as he lay in bed reading, forcing him to flee their penthouse to avoid further domestic violence at the hands of Ms. Heard. Mr. Depp's security detail member, Sean Bett (an 18-year veteran of the Los Angeles County Sherriff's Department) picked up Mr. Depp immediately after Ms. Heard assaulted him and witnessed firsthand the aftermath and damage to Mr. Depp's face. On other occasions-after Ms. Heard violently attacked Mr. Depp in December 2015-Mr. Bett insisted on taking photographs to document the damage to Mr. Depp's face inflicted by Ms. Heard.

31. Thus, contrary to the false and defamatory implication in her "Sexual Violence" op-ed, Ms. Heard was never a victim of domestic violence at the hands of Mr. Depp. Ms. Heard herself is a domestic abuser, who committed multiple acts of domestic violence against Mr. Depp

during their marriage, in addition to the domestic abuse that she perpetrated against her former partner.

Ms. Heard's Domestic Abuse Allegations Against Mr. Depp Are False And Have Been Refuted Conclusively By Police, Neutral Third-Party Witnesses, and 87 Surveillance Videos

32. Ms. Heard did not "[speak] up against sexual violence" as she claimed in her oped. She made false allegations of domestic abuse against Mr. Depp to execute her hoax.

33. The centerpiece of Ms. Heard's false abuse allegations is an incident that she claimed took place around 7:15 pm on Saturday, May 21, 2016 at Mr. Depp's penthouse in the Eastern Columbia Building in downtown Los Angeles. After Ms. Heard lured Mr. Depp to pick up personal items from his own penthouse, Ms. Heard, sitting on the sofa with her friend, Raquel Pennington, and talking on the phone with her friend, iO Tillett Wright, claimed that Mr. Depp "grabbed the cell phone, wound up his arm like a baseball pitcher and threw the cell phone at me striking my cheek and eye with great force." Ms. Heard also claimed that Mr. Depp further battered her face with some "appendage of his body" and then used a magnum-sized bottle of wine to destroy the penthouse, spilling wine, broken glass, and other items around the penthouse. "Penthouse 3 was destroyed" by Mr. Depp's bottle swinging, claimed Ms. Heard in her sworn testimony. Her two friends testified accordingly. Ms. Heard used these allegations to obtain a temporary restraining order against Mr. Depp on May 27, 2016, appearing in court six days after the alleged incident with the first appearance of a battered face, notwithstanding that a litany of people witnessed her throughout the week with no injury and building surveillance videos similarly showed her uninjured.

34. Mr. Depp, it is worth noting, left Los Angeles for many weeks almost immediately after the alleged incident. And it is also worth noting that building personnel

testified under oath that they again facilitated Elon Musk's nighttime visits to Mr. Depp's penthouse to visit Ms. Heard, key-fobbing him in and out of the building proximate to the time Ms. Heard presented her battered face to the public and the court on May 27, 2016.

35. Mr. Depp has consistently and unequivocally denied Ms. Heard's domestic abuse allegations. They also have been refuted conclusively by multiple, neutral third-party witnesses.

36. Ms. Heard's friend and neighbor, Isaac Baruch, gave a declaration that he repeatedly interacted with Ms. Heard, at close range, without makeup, and utterly unmarked and uninjured in the days between May 22 and May 27, 2016. He further stated in his declaration that on June 3, after confronting Ms. Heard about how upset he was at her false abuse allegations: "Amber then told me that she did not want anything from Johnny and that it was the lawyers who were doing all of this."

37. Police went to Mr. Depp's penthouse on May 21, 2016, immediately after the incident was alleged to have occurred. They were dispatched after Ms. Heard's friend, Mr. Wright, called 911 to report what the police dispatch log describes as a "verbal argument only" between a husband and wife. Two officers, who are highly trained in domestic violence, arrived at the penthouse shortly after Ms. Heard later claimed that Mr. Depp struck her in the face with a cell phone, further hit her face, and then "destroyed" his own penthouse by swinging a magnum-sized bottle of wine into other objects throughout that penthouse. Officer Melissa Saenz is a veteran Los Angeles Police officer who is charged with training other police officers and personally has responded to "over a hundred" domestic violence calls. Officer Tyler Hadden is a junior police officer, but focused on domestic violence at the police academy and received extensive training in how to detect that particular crime.

.

38. Both Officer Saenz and Officer Hadden testified under oath that they closely observed Ms. Heard's face in good light on May 21, 2016 and saw no signs of any injury. In the police officers' face-to-face interactions with Ms. Heard immediately after she supposedly was struck in the face with a cell phone and then further beaten in the face by Mr. Depp, the police officers saw no red marks, no bruising, and no swelling anywhere on Ms. Heard's face. Both Officer Saenz and Officer Hadden also testified under oath that, when they went room-to-room in the penthouses to investigate, they saw no broken glass, no spilled wine, and no vandalism or property damage of any kind. This is in contrast to Ms. Heard's later claim that Mr. Depp "destroyed" penthouse 3 and caused serious, visible injuries to her face. It also directly contradicts Ms. Heard's friend's testimony regarding what Ms. Heard's face looked like at that time: "Just the whole side of her face was like swolled up (sic) and red and puffy . . . and progressively getting worse."

39. There was no probable cause to believe that a crime had been committed, according to Officer Saenz's testimony, because Ms. Heard had no injuries and claimed to have no injuries, and there was no property damage in the penthouse or signs of any altercation.

40. Multiple people who work professionally in the Eastern Columbia Building where the penthouse is located, and who do not know Mr. Depp personally, also have unambiguously debunked Ms. Heard's claim that her face was injured on May 21, 2016 and that she had any sign of injury in the six days before May 27, 2016. Three people, the building's concierge, head of front desk and head of security, profoundly testified under oath about their face-to-face interactions with Ms. Heard between May 22, 2016 (the day after Ms. Heard claims that Mr. Depp hit her and struck her in the eye and on the cheek with a cell phone) and May 27, 2016 (the day Ms. Heard appeared in public and went to court to get a restraining order against Mr. Depp

with what appeared to be a battered face). Every one of those three people testified under oath that they saw Ms. Heard up close in the days after the supposed attack and her face was not injured *before the day she obtained the restraining order against Mr. Depp.*

41. Cornelius Harrell is a concierge at the Eastern Columbia Building and was working at the front desk at 1 pm on the afternoon of Sunday, May 22, 2016. Mr. Harrell saw Ms. Heard face-to-face that afternoon—less than 24 hours after she claims that she was struck in the face by a cell phone thrown by Mr. Depp and hit in the face by Mr. Depp.

42. In an interaction that was also captured by the Eastern Columbia Building's surveillance cameras and saved, Ms. Heard approached Mr. Harrell to pick up a package that had been delivered to her. Ms. Heard accompanied Mr. Harrell to the package room to identify which package she wanted because more than one had been delivered to her. As they were looking through her packages, Mr. Harrell and Ms. Heard were inside the package room together. The package room at the Eastern Columbia Building is "no bigger than a walk-in closet," so Mr. Harrell had an opportunity to observe Ms. Heard's face up close, the day after she claimed she was battered by Mr. Depp in the face.

43. Mr. Harrell testified under oath that, on May 22, 2016, Ms. Heard did not have any bruises, cuts, scratches, or swelling on her face and that "nothing appeared out of the ordinary about Ms. Heard's face on May 22, 2016." In fact, Mr. Harrell testified that he was struck by how "beautiful," "radiant," and "refreshed" Ms. Heard looked, noting that, if she was wearing any makeup at all, it was "minimal." Mr. Harrell unequivocally testified that when he was interacting one-on-one in close quarters with Ms. Heard on May 22, 2016 for about 8 minutes, that he did not see any evidence to suggest that she had been the victim of domestic violence the day before. Mr. Harrell does not know Mr. Depp personally. 44. Alejandro Romero also works at the Eastern Columbia Building, manning the front desk and monitoring the security cameras from 4:00 pm to 1:00 am Monday-Friday. Mr. Romero had "hundreds" of in person interactions with Ms. Heard when she resided in the penthouse, in addition to observing her innumerable times on surveillance footage captured by the Eastern Columbia Building's security cameras. Mr. Romero testified under oath about two specific face-to-face interactions that he had with Ms. Heard in the days after she claimed that Mr. Depp hit her in the face and struck her cheek and eye with a cell phone that he threw.

45. Mr. Romero testified that on the "Monday or Tuesday" evening "after the police were called"—May 23 or 24, 2016—he was approached at the front desk by Ms. Heard and her friend, Ms. Pennington, who also resided in the penthouse. Ms. Heard and Ms. Pennington asked Mr. Romero to accompany them to the penthouse because they were afraid that someone had tried to get inside the penthouse. Mr. Romero discounted this concern because he had been monitoring security footage and saw no one trying to access the penthouse. Nevertheless, Mr. Romero agreed to accompany Ms. Heard and Ms. Pennington to the penthouse and confirm that it was secure. He left the front desk with Ms. Heard and Ms. Pennington, rode up to the 13th floor with them, and went inside the penthouse with them. Throughout this interaction, Mr. Romero testified under oath that he had "a full shot" of Ms. Heard's face and "a good visual" of Ms. Heard's face and saw no bruises, cuts, swelling, or marks of any kind.

46. Mr. Romero interacted with Ms. Heard again on the evening of May 25, 2016 when she came to the front desk to retrieve a key to the penthouse that she had left at the front desk. Again, in this face-to-face interaction, Mr. Romero testified that he saw no bruises, cuts, swelling, or marks of any kind on Ms. Heard's face.

15

47. Based on his in-person interactions with Ms. Heard, Mr. Romero, who does not know Mr. Depp personally, testified under oath that he "couldn't believe" Ms. Heard's domestic abuse allegations against Mr. Depp because:

It was like — it was like I said, we watched the news and we saw the pictures. And I saw the pictures and the next day I saw her, I was like, come on, really? I couldn't believe it. It was — I saw her in person. . . . The pictures I saw on the news, she got like a big mark on her — on her eyes and her cheek. And when I saw her in person, I didn't see anything.

48. Trinity Esparza, the daytime concierge at the Eastern Columbia Building who works at the front desk from 8:00 am to 4:00 pm Monday-Friday, echoed Mr. Romero's disbelief at Ms. Heard's account. Ms. Esparza, who does not know Mr. Depp personally, testified under oath that she thought that Ms. Heard's allegation that she had been assaulted by Mr. Depp was "false" because "I saw her several times [in the days after the alleged attack] and I didn't see that [mark] on her face."

49. Ms. Esparza had multiple face-to-face interactions with Ms. Heard in the days after Ms. Heard claimed that Mr. Depp hit her and struck her in the eye and cheek with a cell phone. Ms. Esparza saw Ms. Heard in-person on Monday, May 23, 2016; Tuesday, May 24, 2016; Wednesday, May 25, 2016; and Friday, May 27, 2016. Ms. Esparza testified under oath that, when she saw Ms. Heard on the Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday after the alleged attack, Ms. Heard was not wearing makeup and that Ms. Heard had no facial injuries. There were no bruises or cuts on Ms. Heard's face, according to Ms. Esparza's testimony. Ms. Esparza testified under oath that she saw no indication that Ms. Heard had been hit or struck.

50. Then, on Friday, May 27, 2016, Ms. Esparza testified under oath that Ms. Heard suddenly "had a red cut underneath her right eye and red marks by her eye." Then Ms. Esparza learned from media reports that Ms. Heard had obtained a domestic violence restraining order

against Mr. Depp on May 27, 2016. Because Ms. Esparza had seen Ms. Heard so many times that week without any marks on her face, Ms. Esparza thought "the time didn't add up and so I was questioning . . . the mark on her face and the allegations that were made."

51. Ms. Esparza was so troubled by the sudden appearance of "a mark" on Ms. Heard's face on *the very day* that Ms. Heard obtained a restraining order against Mr. Depp—but *six days after* the alleged incident—that Ms. Esparza went back and looked at security video footage and talked to others who worked in the Eastern Columbia Building to see if the "mark" might have been on Ms. Heard's face earlier. It wasn't.

52. Mr. Romero and Mr. Harrell confirmed to Ms. Esparza that Ms. Heard did not have any injuries on her face when they interacted with her.

53. Ms. Esparza also did not see the "mark" on Ms. Heard's face when she went back and reviewed surveillance videos from the days after Ms. Heard claims that Mr. Depp hit her and struck her in the face with a cell phone that he threw.

54. But Ms. Esparza did see something else on the surveillance video. On a video from the evening of May 24, 2016, three nights after Ms. Heard alleged that she was attacked by Mr. Depp, Ms. Esparza saw Ms. Heard, her sister, Whitney Heard, and Ms. Heard's friend and corroborating witness, Ms. Pennington, on the mezzanine level of the Eastern Columbia Building. In the surveillance video, Ms. Esparza testified under oath that she saw Whitney Heard pretend to punch her sister in the face. Then Ms. Heard, Ms. Pennington, and Whitney Heard all laughed. Ms. Esparza testified that she thought how Ms. Heard, Ms. Pennington, and Whitney Heard were acting on the surveillance video was "wrong," and it only made her question more how Ms. Heard ended up with a "mark" on her face three days later, on Friday, May 27. Ms. Esparza knew that Mr. Depp had left Los Angeles for work on the day of the alleged incident "and he did not return and so I was questioning how those marks got on her face on Friday." Ultimately, Ms. Esparza testified under oath that she was forced to conclude that "whatever happened to [Ms. Heard's] face did not happen on Saturday [May 21]", as Ms. Heard had alleged.

55. Ms. Esparza is not the only professional employee of the Eastern Columbia Building to witness the "fake punch" video. Brandon Patterson, the General Manager of the Eastern Columbia Building, provided a declaration about it:

One of the surveillance videos, taken the evening of Tuesday, May 24, showed Amber Heard, her sister Whitney Heard, and her friend Raquel Pennington entering the building's mezzanine. Trinity Esparza showed me a video at the front desk with a pretend punch to the face from one of Miss Heard's two companions, and the three of them laughed hard. They then enter the penthouse elevator, where Ms. Heard's face was clearly visible, there were similarly no bruises, cuts, redness, swelling visible on Ms. Heard's face.

56. Later, in the media firestorm concerning Ms. Heard's domestic abuse allegations against Mr. Depp, Ms. Heard learned that there were media reports stating that people who worked at the front desk of the Eastern Columbia Building had seen Ms. Heard without any marks on her face, as indeed was their testimony. Mr. Patterson, the General Manager of the Eastern Columbia Building, summarized the testimony of building staff in his own declaration:

Ms. Heard was repeatedly observed in the Eastern Columbia Building in the multiple days following the alleged assault without bruises, cuts, redness, swelling or any other injuries to her face. These observations were made by people working at the front desk at the Eastern Columbia Building who interacted with Ms. Heard in person and also saw images of her on the building surveillance cameras.

57. Approximately a week after she made her domestic abuse allegations against Mr.

Depp, Ms. Heard approached Ms. Esparza and Mr. Patterson, and asked the two of them to give a statement to Ms. Heard's "friend" at *People Magazine*. Ms. Heard wanted Ms. Esparza and Mr. Patterson "to help retract the statement that was given to the press stating that the front desk

al a la la

had released this information [about seeing Ms. Heard with no injuries to her face] and [Ms. Heard] asked if we would clarify it and let them know that we, in fact, would never release that information on any resident." Mr. Patterson and Ms. Esparza refused to give the statement and directed Ms. Heard to the Eastern Columbia Building's lawyer.

58. Ms. Esparza testified that she was "not comfortable" with "the statement that [Ms. Heard] was proposing that [the building] make to *People Magazine*, that the building would not have said they saw [Ms. Heard] without marks on her face" "because that would have been a lie" as "the front desk did, in fact, see [Ms. Heard] prior to Friday [May 27, 2016] without marks on her face."

59. The people working at the front desk of the Eastern Columbia Building did not see any injuries to Ms. Heard's face because there were *no* injuries to Ms. Heard's face. Ms. Heard's allegations that Mr. Depp's battered her was a poorly executed hoax.

60. The police officers, who responded to the penthouse on May 21, 2016 immediately after the alleged attack, saw no signs that Ms. Heard had been hit or struck by a cell phone or that a magnum-sized bottle of wine had "destroyed" the penthouse because *those things never happened*. There was no probable cause to believe a crime had been committed because *no crime had been committed* against Ms. Heard by Mr. Depp.

61. Ms. Heard's domestic violence allegations against Mr. Depp were false, as is her portrayal of herself in her "Sexual Violence" op-ed as a domestic violence victim and her portrayal of Mr. Depp as a domestic violence perpetrator and "monster."

Ms. Heard Acted With Actual Malice When She Implied In Her "Sexual Violence" Op-Ed That She Was A Victim Of Domestic Abuse At The Hands Of Mr. Depp

62. Ms. Heard acted with actual malice when she published her false and defamatory "Sexual Violence" op-ed and implied that she was a victim of domestic abuse at the hands of Mr. Depp.

63. Ms. Heard knew that she was not the domestic abuse victim, but the domestic abuser.

64. Ms. Heard knew that her domestic abuse allegations against Mr. Depp were false and that she leveled them and enlisted her friends to act as surrogates for her lies, as part of an elaborate hoax to generate positive publicity for herself.

65. Ms. Heard also knew that her elaborate hoax worked: as a result of her false allegations against Mr. Depp, Ms. Heard became a darling of the #MeToo movement, was the first actress named a Human Rights Champion of the United Nations Human Rights Office, was appointed ambassador on women's rights at the American Civil Liberties Union, and was hired by L'Oréal Paris as its global spokesperson.

66. Because of the past success that her false domestic abuse allegations against Mr. Depp had brought her, Ms. Heard revived the false allegations to promote her new movie.

67. Aquaman, Ms. Heard's first leading role in a big-budget studio film, premiered in theatres across the United States (and in Virginia) on December 21, 2019. The movie ended up making over \$1 billion at the box office globally.

68. Tellingly, just days before the premiere, Heard published her "Sexual Violence" op-ed with its false implication that she was a domestic abuse victim at the hands of Mr. Depp on December 18, 2019 in the *Washington Post's* online edition and on December 19, 2019 in the *Washington Post's* hardcopy edition. The op-ed in the *Washington Post's* online edition was accompanied by a picture of Ms. Heard on the red carpet at *Aquaman's* Los Angeles premiere.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

Mr. Depp's Reputation And Career Suffer As A Result Of Ms. Heard's False And Defamatory Op-Ed

69. As a result of Ms. Heard's false domestic abuse allegations, Mr. Depp's reputation and career sustained immense damage.

70. Ms. Heard, an actress herself, is well aware of the negative effect that false domestic abuse allegations have on Mr. Depp's career.

71. Mr. Depp lost roles in movies because of the false allegations that Ms. Heard made against him. When Mr. Depp was cast in films, there were public outcries for the filmmakers to recast his roles.

72. Mr. Depp endured the public scorn caused by Ms. Heard's false domestic abuse allegations for more than two years. But he was weathering the storm and had a successful film release in November 2019. In fact, that movie was still playing on screens across Virginia when Ms. Heard revived the false domestic abuse allegations by publishing her "Sexual Violence" oped in the *Washington Post*.

73. The reaction to Ms. Heard's false and defamatory op-ed was swift and severe. Just two days after the op-ed appeared in the *Washington Post's* online edition, Disney publicly announced that Mr. Depp would no longer be a part of the *Pirates of the Caribbean* franchise. Mr. Depp's turn as Captain Jack Sparrow in the *Pirates of the Caribbean* films is one of Mr. Depp's most iconic roles, and generated billions of dollars for Disney. Nevertheless, he was denied an opportunity to reprise that role immediately on the heels of Ms. Heard's false and defamatory op-ed.

COUNT ONE—DEFAMATION FOR STATEMENTS IN MS. HEARD'S DECEMBER 18, 2018 OP-ED IN THE ONLINE EDITION OF THE WASHINGTON POST

74. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges each of the foregoing paragraphs as if set forth fully herein.

75. Ms. Heard published the "Sexual Violence" op-ed on the December 18, 2018. The article was published to a worldwide audience on the *Washington Post's* website. A true and correct copy of the online edition of the "Sexual Violence" op-ed is attached hereto and incorporated by reference as Exhibit A.

76. The "Sexual Violence" op-ed contained the following false and defamatory statements concerning Mr. Depp:

- "Amber Heard: I spoke up against sexual violence and faced our culture's wrath. That has to change."
- "Then two years ago, I became a public figure representing domestic abuse, and I felt the full force of our culture's wrath for women who speak out."
- "I had the rare vantage point of seeing, in real time, how institutions protect men accused of abuse."
- "I write this as a woman who had to change my phone number weekly because I was getting death threats. For months, I rarely left my apartment, and when I did, I was pursued by camera drones and photographers on foot, on motorcycles and in cars. Tabloid outlets that posted pictures of me spun them in a negative light. I felt as though I was on trial in the court of public opinion — and my life and livelihood depended on myriad judgments far beyond my control."

77. These statements are of and concerning Mr. Depp, as he is Ms. Heard's former

husband and she publicly (and falsely) accused him of domestic abuse in May 2016. Moreover,

Ms. Heard intended to refer to Mr. Depp in these statements, and those who know Mr. Depp or

who read the "Sexual Violence" op-ed understood these statements to be about Mr. Depp.

78. These statements, which imply that Ms. Heard was the victim of domestic

violence at the hands of Mr. Depp, are false:

- a. Mr. Depp did not commit "domestic abuse" or "sexual violence" against Ms. Heard. Ms. Heard's allegation that Mr. Depp violently attacked her on May 21, 2016 has been refuted conclusively by police, neutral third-party witnesses, and 87 newly obtained surveillance camera videos.
- b. Ms. Heard is not a victim of domestic violence; rather, she is a perpetrator. Ms. Heard was arrested for domestic violence against her former domestic partner in 2009. Ms. Heard also committed multiple acts of domestic violence against Mr. Depp, some of which she has confessed to under oath.

79. The substantial danger of injury to Mr. Depp's reputation from Ms. Heard's false statements is readily apparent. Such statements would tend to so harm the reputation of another as to lower him in the estimation of the community or to deter third persons from associating or dealing with him.

80. By publishing these false statements, Ms. Heard caused harm to Mr. Depp's reputation.

81. At the time of publication, Ms. Heard knew these statements were false.

82. Ms. Heard's false statements are defamatory *per se* because they impute to Mr. Depp the commission of a crime involving moral turpitude for which Mr. Depp, if the charge was true, could be indicted and punished. Moreover, Ms. Heard's false statements prejudice Mr. Depp in his profession as a film actor. Mr. Depp therefore is entitled to presumed damages.

83. As a direct and proximate result of these false statements by Ms. Heard, Mr. Depp has suffered damages, including, *inter alia*, injury to his reputation, harm to his ability to carry on his profession, embarrassment, humiliation, and emotional distress, in an amount to be determined at trial.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

84. Ms. Heard's actions were malicious, willful, and wanton, and evidence a conscious disregard for Mr. Depp's rights. Accordingly, punitive damages are appropriate.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court enter an award in Plaintiff's favor and against Defendant, as follows:

- awarding Mr. Depp compensatory damages of not less than \$ 50,000,000, or in such additional amount to be proven at trial;
- awarding Mr. Depp punitive damages to the maximum extent permitted by the laws of this Commonwealth, but not less than \$ 350,000;
- (3) awarding Mr. Depp all of his expenses and costs, including attorneys' fees; and
- (4) granting such other and further relief as the Court deems appropriate.

COUNT TWO-DEFAMATION FOR STATEMENTS IN MS. HEARD'S DECEMBER 19, 2018 OP-ED IN THE PRINT EDITION OF THE WASHINGTON POST

85. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges each of the foregoing paragraphs as if set forth fully herein.

86. Ms. Heard published the "Sexual Violence" op-ed in the December 19, 2018 hardcopy edition of the *Washington Post*, which the *Washington Post* distributes to readers in Virginia, across the nation, and around the world. A true and correct copy of the hardcopy edition of the "Sexual Violence" op-ed is attached hereto and incorporated by reference as Exhibit B.

87. The "Sexual Violence" op-ed contained the following false and defamatory statements concerning Mr. Depp:

• "Amber Heard: I spoke up against sexual violence — and faced our culture's wrath. That has to change."

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

- "Then two years ago, I became a public figure representing domestic abuse, and I felt the full force of our culture's wrath for women who speak out."
- "I had the rare vantage point of seeing, in real time, how institutions protect men accused of abuse."

I write this as a woman who had to change my phone number weekly because I was getting death threats. For months, I rarely left my apartment, and when I did, I was pursued by camera drones and photographers on foot, on motorcycles and in cars. Tabloid outlets that posted pictures of me spun them in a negative light. I felt as though I was on trial in the court of public opinion — and my life and livelihood depended on myriad judgments far beyond my control."

88. These statements are of and concerning Mr. Depp, as he is Ms. Heard's former husband and she publicly (and falsely) accused him of domestic abuse in May 2016. Moreover, Ms. Heard intended to refer to Mr. Depp in these statements, and those who know Mr. Depp or who read the "Sexual Violence" op-cd understood these statements to be about Mr. Depp.

89. These statements, which imply that Ms. Heard was the victim of domestic violence at the hands of Mr. Depp, are false:

- a. Mr. Depp did not commit "domestic abuse" or "sexual violence" against Ms. Heard. Ms. Heard's allegation that Mr. Depp violently attacked her on May 21, 2016 has been refuted conclusively by police, neutral third-party witnesses, and 87 newly obtained surveillance camera videos.
- b. Ms. Heard is not a victim of domestic violence; rather, she is a perpetrator. Ms.
 Heard was arrested for domestic violence against her former partner in 2009. Ms.
 Heard also committed multiple acts of domestic violence against Mr. Depp.

90. The substantial danger of injury to Mr. Depp's reputation from Ms. Heard's false statements is readily apparent. Such statements would tend to so harm the reputation of another as to lower him in the estimation of the community or to deter third persons from associating or dealing with him. 91. By publishing these false statements, Ms. Heard caused harm to Mr. Depp's reputation.

92. At the time of publication, Ms. Heard knew these statements were false.

93. Ms. Heard's false statements are defamatory *per se* because they impute to Mr. Depp the commission of a crime involving moral turpitude for which Mr. Depp, if the charge was true, could be indicted and punished. Moreover, Ms. Heard's false statements prejudice Mr. Depp in his profession as a film actor. Mr. Depp therefore is entitled to presumed damages.

94. As a direct and proximate result of these false statements by Ms. Heard, Mr. Depp has suffered damages, including, *inter alia*, injury to his reputation, harm to his ability to carry on his profession, embarrassment, humiliation, and emotional distress, in an amount to be determined at trial.

95. Ms. Heard's actions were malicious, willful, and wanton, and evidence a conscious disregard for Mr. Depp's rights. Accordingly, punitive damages are appropriate.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court enter an award in Plaintiff's favor and against Defendant, as follows:

- awarding Mr. Depp compensatory damages of not less than \$ 50,000,000, or in such additional amount to be proven at trial;
- awarding Mr. Depp punitive damages to the maximum extent permitted by the laws of this Commonwealth, but not less than \$ 350,000;
- (3) awarding Mr. Depp all of his expenses and costs, including attorneys' fees; and
- (4) granting such other and further relief as the Court deems appropriate.

COUNT THREE—DEFAMATION FOR STATEMENTS IN MS. HEARD'S OP-ED WHICH HEARD REPUBLISHED WHEN SHE TWEETED A LINK TO THE OP-ED ON DECEMBER 19, 2018

96. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges each of the foregoing paragraphs as if set forth fully herein.

97. Ms. Heard published the "Sexual Violence" op ed in the December 18, 2018 online edition of the *Washington Post*. The following day, Ms. Heard tweeted a link to the oped. A true and correct copy of Ms. Heard's tweet of the link to the "Sexual Violence" op ed is attached hereto and incorporated by reference as **Exhibit C**.

98. The "Sexual Violence" op-ed contained the following false and defamatory statements concerning Mr. Depp:

- "Amber Heard: I spoke up against sexual violence and faced our culture's wrath. That has to change."
- "Then two years ago, I became a public figure representing domestic abuse, and I felt the full force of our culture's wrath for women who speak out."
- "I had the rare vantage point of seeing, in real time, how institutions protect men accused of abuse."
- "I write this as a woman who had to change my phone number weekly because I was getting death threats. For months, I rarely left my apartment, and when I did, I was pursued by camera drones and photographers on foot, on motorcycles and in cars. Tabloid outlets that posted pictures of me spun them in a negative light. I felt as though I was on trial in the court of public opinion and my life and livelihood depended on myriad judgments far beyond my control."

99. These statements are of and concerning Mr. Depp, as he is Ms. Heard's former husband and she publicly (and falsely) accused him of domestic abuse in May 2016. Moreover, Ms. Heard intended to refer to Mr. Depp in these statements, and those who know Mr. Depp or who read the "Sexual Violence" op-ed understood these statements to be about Mr. Depp.

100. These statements, which imply that Ms. Heard was the victim of domestic violence at the hands of Mr. Depp, are false:

- a. Mr. Depp did not commit "domestic abuse" or "sexual violence" against Ms. Heard. Ms. Heard's allegation that Mr. Depp violently attacked her on May 21, 2016 has been refuted conclusively by police, multiple, neutral third-party witnesses, and 87 newly obtained surveillance camera videos.
- b. Ms. Heard is not a victim of domestic violence; rather, she is a perpetrator. Ms.
 Heard was arrested for domestic violence against her former partner in 2009. Ms.
 Heard also committed multiple acts of domestic violence against Mr. Depp.

101. The substantial danger of injury to Mr. Depp's reputation from Ms. Heard's false statements is readily apparent. Such statements would tend to so harm the reputation of another as to lower him in the estimation of the community or to deter third persons from associating or dealing with him.

102. By publishing these false statements, Ms. Heard caused harm to Mr. Depp's reputation.

103. At the time of publication, Ms. Heard knew these statements were false.

104. Ms. Heard's false statements are defamatory *per se* because they impute to Mr. Depp the commission of a crime involving moral turpitude for which Mr. Depp, if the charge was true, could be indicted and punished. Moreover, Ms. Heard's false statements prejudice Mr. Depp in his profession as a film actor. Mr. Depp therefore is entitled to presumed damages.

105. As a direct and proximate result of these false statements by Ms. Heard, Mr. Depp has suffered damages, including, *inter alia*, injury to his reputation, harm to his ability to carry on his profession, embarrassment, humiliation, and emotional distress, in an amount to be determined at trial.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

106. Ms. Heard's actions were malicious, willful, and wanton, and evidence a conscious disregard for Mr. Depp's rights. Accordingly, punitive damages are appropriate.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court enter an award in Plaintiff's favor, and against Defendant, as follows:

- awarding Mr. Depp compensatory damages of not less than \$50,000,000, or in such additional amount to be proven at trial;
- awarding Mr. Depp punitive damages to the maximum extent permitted by the laws of this Commonwealth, but no less than \$350,000;
- (3) awarding Mr. Depp all expenses and costs, including attorneys' fees; and
- (4) such other and further relief as the Court deems appropriate.

JURY TRIAL DEMAND

Plaintiff John C. Depp, II hereby demands a jury trial on all issues so triable.

Dated: March 1, 2019

Brittany Whitesell Biles (pro hac vice application forthcoming) STEIN MITCHELL BEATO & MISSNER LLP 901 Fifteenth Street, N.W. Suite 700 Washington, D.C. 20005 Telephone: (202) 601-1602 Facsimile: (202) 296-8312 Email: bbiles@steinmitchell.com

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

Facsimile: (202) 296-8312 Email: bbiles@steinmitchell.com

Adam R. Waldman THE ENDEAVOR LAW FIRM, P.C. 1775 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Suite 350 Washington, DC 20006

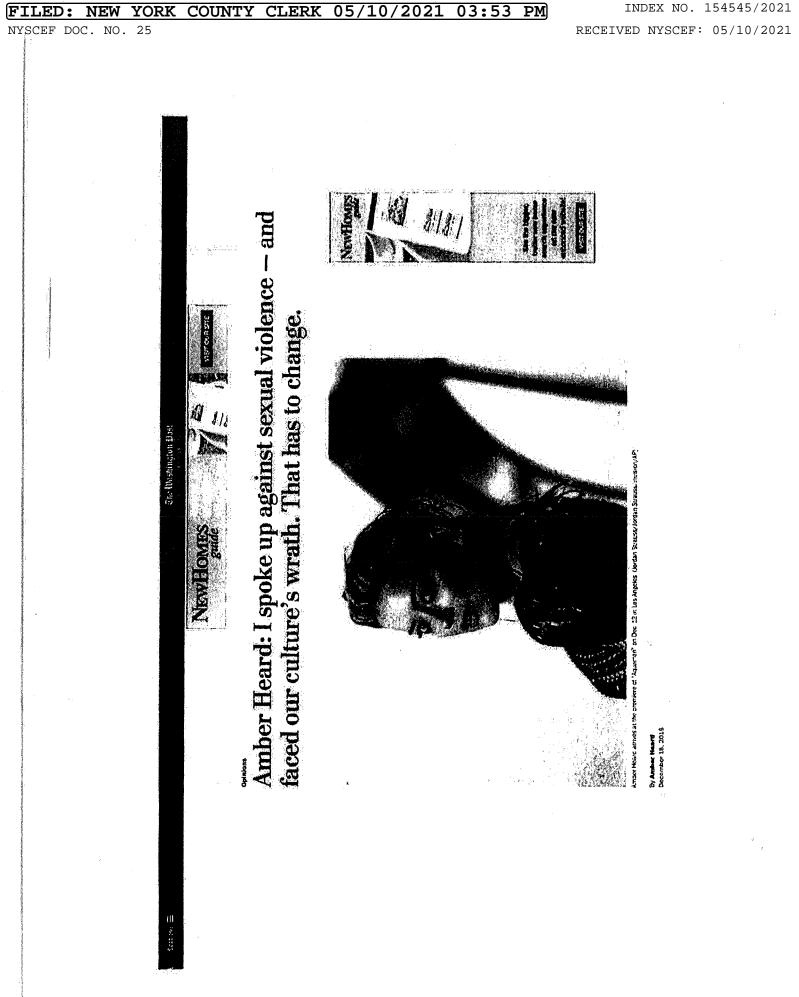
Benjamin G. Chew (VSB # 29113) Elliot J. Weingarten (pro hac vice application forthcoming) BROWN RUDNICK LLP 601 Thirteenth Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005 Telephone: (202) 536-1700 Faosimile: (202) 536-1701 Email: behew@brownrudnick.com

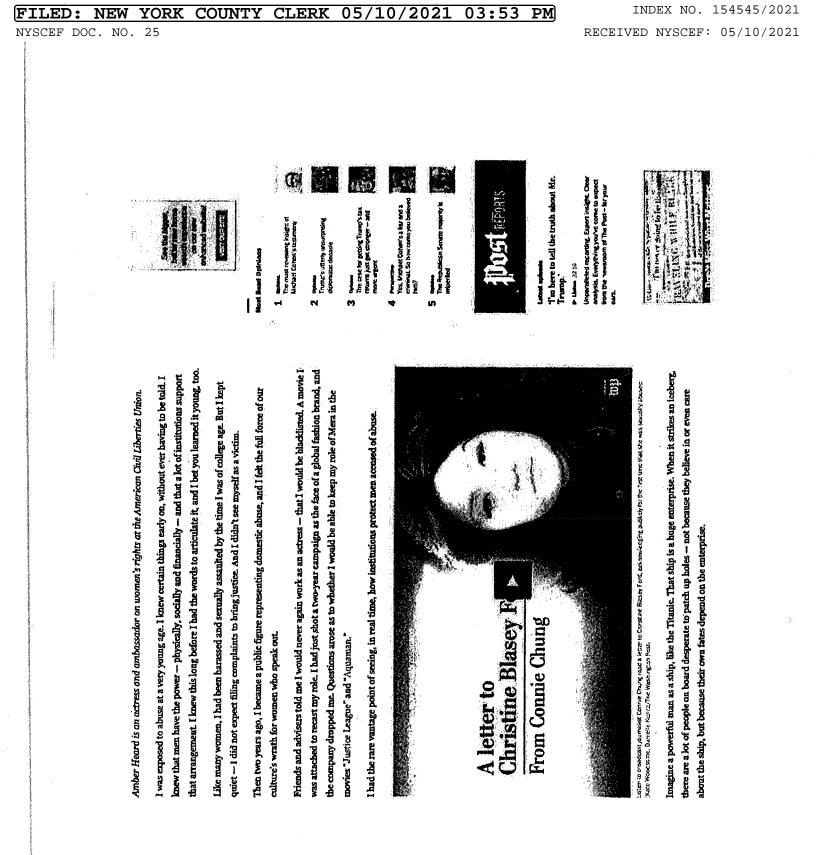
Counsel for Plaintiff John C. Depp, II

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

EXHIBIT A

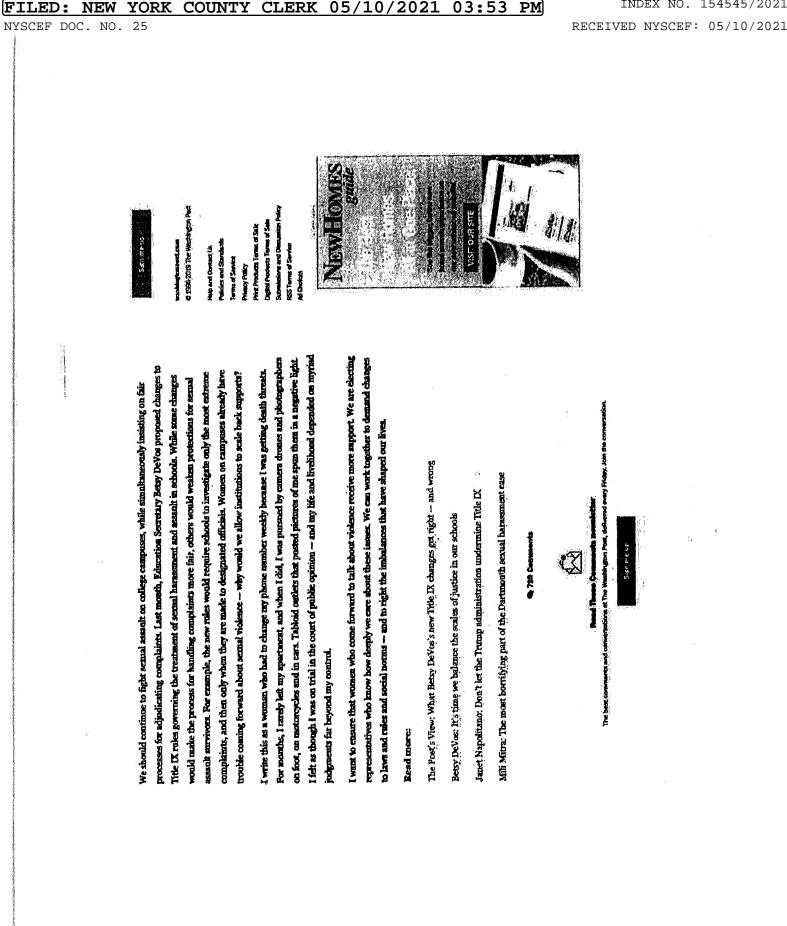
¢.





FILED: NEW YORK COUNTY	CLERK 05/10/2021 03:53 PM	INDEX NO. 154545/2021
NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25		IVED NYSCEF: 05/10/2021
		Ar dontrate a point of the other and
a Musi Ranks are be Ura washer a be Ura washer Jia too of the washer store of the washer to of the washer to offer a		
Control of the light of the lig	All and the second seco	Read These Commonts newsletton Best conversations of the Maillington Part, deleved every friday, bei conversion.
		Hand Charles and C
	4 · · · ·	
	(a) how one had in all kinds of inatifutions - workplaces, places of workplaces, in every walk of Hie, women are confinenting these men who are buoyed by social, economic und cultural power. And these institutions are beginning to change. We are in a transformative political moment. The president of our econtry has been accused by more than a forzen women of secural miscoorchet, including assault and harasament. Outrage over his statements and behavior has energized a female-led opposition. Aldelto statted a conversation about just how profoundly secural violence affects women in every area of our fives. And last month, more women were elected to be congress than ever in our history, with a random to be ablied a second second second to be accurdent to be a second to be accurdent on the every area of our fives. And last month, more women were elected to determination to end second violence are turning into a political force. We have an opering now to belater and build institutions protective of women. For states, Congress can rearther and strengthen the Violence Agring. We can Agree and strengthen the Violence Agring Women's pastens for shore and strengthen the Violence Agring thrapesed in 1994, the ast is one of the most effective pieces of begindering and strengthen the Violence Agring thrapesed in systems for protecting systems for pieces of legislation exacted to fight domestic violence and second assort. Funding for the ast equival systems for gains and other critical services. It improves responses by law enforcement, and it politiks discrimination equinal and other critical services. It improves texponde finding for the rest and second to gains and there critical services. It improves texponed in September and has only been temporarily critended to contract and provide funding for the ast export agreement, and it politiks discrimination agains and other critical services. It improves texponed in September and has only been temporarily critended.	
	r economic and the second second second second second the second	
ot just	Active sector of the sector of	
	yin pa pactoria a contribution out juttoria not the second not the second interest potential pot	
A shore how power like this works, not just in	Hollywood but in all kinds of institutions – workplaces, places of workhip or simply in particular communities. In every walk of life, worsen are confinanting these mean who are brooped by social, economic and cultural power. And these institutions are beginning to change. We are in a transformative political moment. The president of our country has been accreed by note than a dozen women of secual misconduct, including assault and harasament. Outrage over his statements and dozen women of secual misconduct, including assault and harasament. Outrage over his statements and dozen women of secual misconduct, including assault and harasament. Outrage over his statements and dozen women of secual misconduct, including assault and harasament. Outrage over his statements and dozen women of secual misconduct, including assault and harasament. Outrage over his statements and dozen women of secual violence are transition a position. <i>3</i> MeToo stated a conversation about just how profoundly secual violence and strendist women in every area of our lives. And last month, more women wet elected to congress than ever in our history, with a raundate to take women's issues seriously. Women's Frage and determination to end secual violence are the mise into a 1990, the section of the more effective pieces of legitletion enacted to fight domestic violence and same assault. It creates support systems for poole who report abous, and provides funding for rape crisis centers, legal assistance program and other critical services. It improves trapende in September and has only been temporarily crimeded and other critical services. It improves the art expires the and strengthen the set expined in September and has only been temporarily crimeded.	
	who a subject of the second se	
	of wor ingenties and our on our on our on bars is first p first p od has a dd has	
And the second sec	places and the state of the sta	
	Hollywood but in all kinds of institutions — workplaces, places of wurst communities. In every walk of life, women are confronting these men v and cultural power. And these institutions are beginning to change. We are in a transformative political moment. The president of our con dozen women of semual miscoorduct, including assant and harassment behavior has energized a female-led opposition. AMEToo started a on sermal violence affects wumen in every area of our fives. And last nour Congress than ever in our history, with a transfit to ta political force. We have an opening now to bidster and build institutions protective o rearthorize and strengthen the Vielence art build institutions protective o rearthorize and strengthen the Vielence and build institutions protective o rearthorize and strengthen the Vielence and build institutions protective o and other critical services. It improves trapones by law enforcement, and other critical services. It improves trapones by law enforcement contention.	Constant and
	-works are by the second second the second s	
	tions - moment product	
	institution institution institution in construction in construction in construction in the construction in	
eľ (o	nds of these of these initiation of the manual of the manual of the manual of the theory of the	
In recent years, the \$16-Tion movement in the field of the state of th	ereny and the second se	
	d but i but i base contractions at a transferration base contractions for percent prices and prices	
	Jywooo Jamuura Iariori	
Ē.	2 8 ¥ \$ 8 2 8 9 4 ¥ 8 4 8 8 4 7	
	8	

, ·



2021 03: 5 3

154545/2021 INDEX NO.

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

EXHIBIT B

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25



NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

XXB 10 in, but s the luff

a ym, H's hard to fetter fit to fil John Sentie beat hun ton en female Air Porce phi - Ren. Martha

par - Ben Santia the Durry CO and the Court of the set into Court of the set into Court of the set of the s

ted to Reptember Americated Test tey only Lintil Uni g someone stars

r 2000. com e bet mild+ nste colleague, techan't born ding opposition Methalita family you be chains provide up to the chains on a same, Valations can a same, Valations can the chains the provi-intuited the feasily savey by failing the save failing the failed when the failed the failed when the failed the failed trained as a low second to pilatio pharid McCain's

recommendation, near with Churky pland for her over-partically accepted

reactive screption between the second second second second second second in the second ther then inter-

In refuser that later-itals fails such set, and fails such set, and fails such set, but does not be the set of the set of the reportency - and the back set, the set of the reportency - and the back set, the set of the reportency - and the back set of the set of t a china and a china chin

Sity, as many will inversion soorcastop with Michally seeled is her reasing golden is the reasing golden is the reasing golden is the reason of the solory on Michally's Net staat all hearts, y schooldsted the



A transformative moment for women

BY AGAIN PRANE The analysis of the start of the reacting any literation in the start of the start on a without over the start of the power - provide methods working and the start on a start of the start of the start on a start of the start of th

A quinter, the rare restare point of the second problem of the rest in the res

Products Places
 Pro

ALYSSA HOSENBLING Excerpted from woshingproport.com/proport.

A Michairy seekind in the second state of the second

Racism is a national security issue

<section-header><section-header><section-header><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text>

ovo unanu A Russian spy's dream

A Russian spy's dream mathematical products for transient is played by a spectra product of the transient is played by a spectra product of the transient is played by the spectra product of the transient is played by the spectra product of the transient is played by the spectra product of the transient of the transient played by the played by the spectra product of the spectra played by the spectra product of the spectra played by the s

EXHIBIT C

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

 $\frac{1}{4}$

INDEX NO. 154545/2021 RECEIVED NYSCEF: 05/10/2021

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

3/1/2019

Amber Heard on Twitter: "Today I published this op-ad in the Washington Post about the women who are channeling their rage about viole...



Bollow J. 🗸

Today I published this op-ed in the Washington Post about the women who are channeling their rage about violence and inequality into political strength despite the price of coming forward.

From college campuses to Congress, we're balancing the scales.

Opinion j Amber Heard: I spoke up against sexual violence — and fa... We have an opening now to bolster and build institutions protective of women. Let's not ignore it. washingtonpost.com

1:28 PM - 19 Dec 2018



♀ 128 ℃↓ 1.3К 3.6К



Amber Heard 🏶 @realamberheard - 19 Dec 2018

I'm honored to announce my role as an @ACLU ambassador on women's rights. The ACLULIC the exception that first inspired me to become an activist, so I https://twitter.com/realamberheard/status/1075503279323242496?lang=en

NYSCEF DOC. NO. 25

INDEX NO. 154545/2021 RECEIVED NYSCEF: 05/10/2021

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 2nd day of February 2021, I caused copies of the

foregoing to be served via email (per written agreement between the Parties) on the following:

Elaine Charlson Bredehoft (VSB No. 23766) Carla D. Brown (VSB No. 44803) Adam S. Nadelhaft (VSB No. 91717) David E. Murphy (VSB No. 90938) CHARLSON BREDEHOFT COHEN & BROWN, P.C. 11260 Roger Bacon Dr., Suite 201 Reston, VA 20190 Phone: 703-318-6800 Fax: 703-318-6808 ebredehoft@cbcblaw.com cbrown@cbcblaw.com anadelhaft@cbcblaw.com

A. Benjamin Rottenborn (VSB No. 84796) Joshua R. Treece (VSB No. 79149) WOODS ROGERS PLC 10 S. Jefferson Street, Suite 1400 P.O. Box 14125 Roanoke, Virginia 24011 Telephone: (540) 983-7540 brottenborn@woodsrogers.com jtreece@woodsrogers.com

Counsel for Defendant Amber Laura Heard

Ben G. Chew AC

Benjamin G. Chew

brownrudnick

BENJAMIN G. CHEW direct dial: 202.536.1785 bchew@brownrudnick.com

February 2, 2021

FILED CIVIL INTAKE 2021 FEB 12 AM 11: 47 CLERK CIRCUIT COURT FAIRFAX. VA

: .

VIA HAND DELIVERY

The Honorable John T. Frey, Clerk Fairfax County Circuit Court 4110 Chain Bridge Road, Suite 320 Fairfax, Virginia 22030

RE: John C. Depp, II v. Amber Laura Heard Case No. CL-2019-0002911 Foreign Subpoenas: ACLU Foundation, Ben Wizner, and Anthony Romero

Dear Mr. Frey,

Please find enclosed two copies each of six foreign subpoenas of third-party witnesses pursuant to Virginia Code Section 8.01-412.10 and New York Civil Practice Law and Rules Section 3119. The enclosed subpoenas have been issued in accordance with both Acts and the reciprocal privileges included therein.

The enclosed subpoenas will be served by private process server. Please file one copy of each subpoena with the Court's papers in this case and issue one copy of each subpoena in accordance with the Uniform Interstate Deposition and Discovery Act. Also enclosed is a check for the Court's fees covering all six subpoenas. Thank you for your assistance.

Regards,

BROWN RUDNICK LLP

Ben G. Chew ®

Benjamin G. Chew

Enclosures